Fatigue Report Template

	If you wis	h the contents of	this form	to remain	conf	idential pleas	se tick her	6.	
NAME:	POSITION:		this form to remain confidential please tick here:						
TVAINE.	T COITION.								
WHEN DID THE EVENT OCCUR?	Date (DD/MM/YY)://		Time (LOCAL OR UTC?)::			How long had you been on duty?HOURSMINS			
WHAT WERE YOU DOING AT THE TIME OF THE EVENT?	☐ At home	☐ Driving to work	□ In flight	☐ Driving home		□ Positioning	□ Other		
IF RELEVANT, ON WHAT FLIGHT DID THE EVENT OCCUR?	T Flight No:		Route:		-	A/C type:	Event sector:		
CONTRIBUTORY FACTORS Tick all factors that contributed to the event/your general concern SLEEP HISTORY									
□ EARLY START Time □ LATE FINISH Time □ EARLY to LATE transition □ LATE to EARLY Transition □ Long duty day □ High sector workload (>4) □ Positioning □ Roster disruption/Changes □ Insufficient rostered rest tin □ Deep night □ Delay(s)		lome rest lome issues lotel rest lealth lness/Medication ong-Term fatigue commute lon't know DTHER (next column)	If you ticked "OTHER", please specify here: tin the 2 hours leading up to the etc. Rather alert Neither signs of the sign of the s		o the eve	cord the start and finish times for all sleep riods (including naps): Date			
				sleepy sleepiness keep awake keep awake sleep					
PHYSICAL SIGNS COGNI		IVE SIGNS COUNTERMEASURES							
□ No PHYSICAL SIGNS WERE NOTED □ Fidgeting □ Rubbing eyes □ Yawning □ Frequent blinking □ Staring blankly □ Long blinks □ Difficulty keeping eyes open □ Head nodding □ OTHER:		No COGNITIVE SIGNS WERE NOTED Impaired attention Involuntary lapses into sleep Negative mood Reduced communication Increased omissions and errors Increased reaction time Impaired situational awareness OTHER:		s	No COUNTERMEASURES WERE USED Advised colleague of fatigue risk Coordinated workload Increased communication Caffeine Food & Drink Controlled Rest in Flight OTHER:				
EATIQUE DETAILS (COMPLETE IS DECLUBED)									
FATIGUE DETAILS (COMPLETE IF REQUIRED) TITLE:									
DESCRIPTION:									
CAUSE:									
ACTION & RESULTS:									
ACTION & RESULTS.									
EVENT SEVERITY: LOW MEDIUM HIGH									
SUGGESTIONS:									

HOW TO REPORT FATIGUE or POTENTIAL FATIGUE

Why Bother?

Providing accurate information on 'fatigue events' – i.e. on fatigue or potential fatigue you experience or anticipate – is crucial:

- It allows your safety department / Fatigue Safety Action group (FSAG) to assess fatigue in the company, to identify trends on individual / series of duties, and to investigate further (e.g. by using Activity Watches etc.).
- With this information a more robust proactive approach to producing rosters that mitigate fatigue can be achieved.
- It makes visible and puts on record what otherwise remains hidden. If there are no reports filed some may argue that fatigue is not an issue. You can prevent that.

There are ways to fill in a fatigue report. And ways to be avoided. Here some **practical hints**:

The DOs:

- ALWAYS use factual information only. Less is more: be factual, to the point, and (if possible) avoid using long texts.
- Make sure you fill in at least the upper part of the form (marked in orange). This is essential information. As you go down the form, the information is useful but less crucial (e.g. in case you have little time to fill in the form), except in certain cases see below.
- ➤ The critical phases of flight are Take-Off until 30 min after TOC and 60 minutes prior to landing until blocks on. If you indicated a fatigue score of 7 or more in these phases, do elaborate in 'Fatigue Details'.
- Make sure you provide:
 - o accurate assessment of your alertness level prior to an event (use the 1-9 score of the scientific 'Karolinska Sleepiness Scale); and if you provide 'Fatigue Details', use again identical terms from that scale e.g. "... during the approach I was sleepy, it was an effort to stay awake (Karolinska 8), and ...").
 - previous sleep periods & length/s (as best as possible). As the only real effective way to mitigate/lessen any onset of fatigue is to have adequate sleep, it is important to have information on what your sleep length and quality was prior to any event.
 - o the main reason for the fatigue event (e.g. "flight departure delayed and subsequent duties after long period of wakefulness, a series of night duties, hotel room not able to obtain quality sleep, roster change and was not able to plan adequate rest");
 - o accurate data of changed flight duties (if applicable).

When to report:

- ALWAYS report fatigue before, during and even after the completion of a fatiguing duty if you feel it is appropriate. Do so especially if your fatigue scores are high (7-9).
- The fatigue report must be used if you requested / required additional sleep / rest at layover hotel or home base, to ensure the next duty/duties can be performed safely.
- It must be used after you reviewed your next duty / duties and are concerned that the fatigue level (potentially) impacts your ability to perform your flights safely.
- o If in doubt, fill in the report. Each fatigue event merits being reported!

The DON'Ts:

- Refrain from using subjective (personal) opinions or assumptions, rather than facts.
- Avoid using wording open to interpretation.
- NEVER use language against company procedures, personnel, processes and / or language that gives an indication of personal feelings / emotions such as: frustration, anger, low morale, etc.